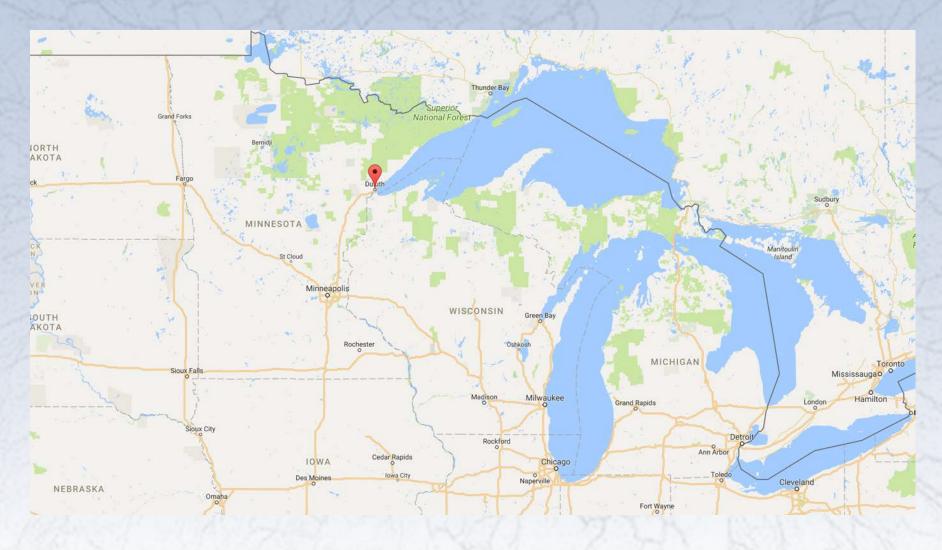
Light Pollution and Public Health Reducing Light Pollution on a Regional Scale

National Summit for Gateway Communities Shepherdstown, WV USA December 13, 2018 Cynthia Lapp Starry Skies Lake Superior IDA introduction
what is light pollution?
human experience of light
how is light pollution a public health issue?



Cynthia Lapp - Starry Skies Lake Superior IDA - Nat'l Summit for Gateway Communities - December 13, 2018

introduction...

Cynthia Lapp

 background in Human Ecology, Natural Resources, Community Facilitation



- Master of Landscape Architecture 2009; ecological corridors
- teaching, design and project management
- interested in Night Skies from environmental and human experience perspective (Northern Lights and meteor showers!)

Starry Skies Lake Superior IDA

- Duluth, MN based chapter of the International Dark Sky Association
- working in the Lake Superior region towards eliminating light pollution



- partnering with municipalities, agencies, tourism, neighborhoods professional organizations, etc.

Regional Solutions Starry Skies Lake Superior IDA

Working with Stakeholders -

- municipalities, universities, counties, townships
- architects, designers, planners, lighting and code professionals
- tourism groups, utilities, DOTs
- State and National public lands managers
- schools, neighborhoods, general public

Heart of the Continent Partnership

- 5 million acres public lands, US / Canada border west of Lake Superior
- most public lands units now applyig for Dark Sky status
 with the IDA; we are working with cities, counties, townships on
 integrating light pollution mitigation with area identity for residents and
 visitors

Current Barriers to Mitigating Light Pollution

- Lack of understanding how light effects humans and our environment
- Current lighting standards / lighting manufacturers / designers, suppliers, contractors / planners, engineers, municipal codes, code enforcement, etc.!

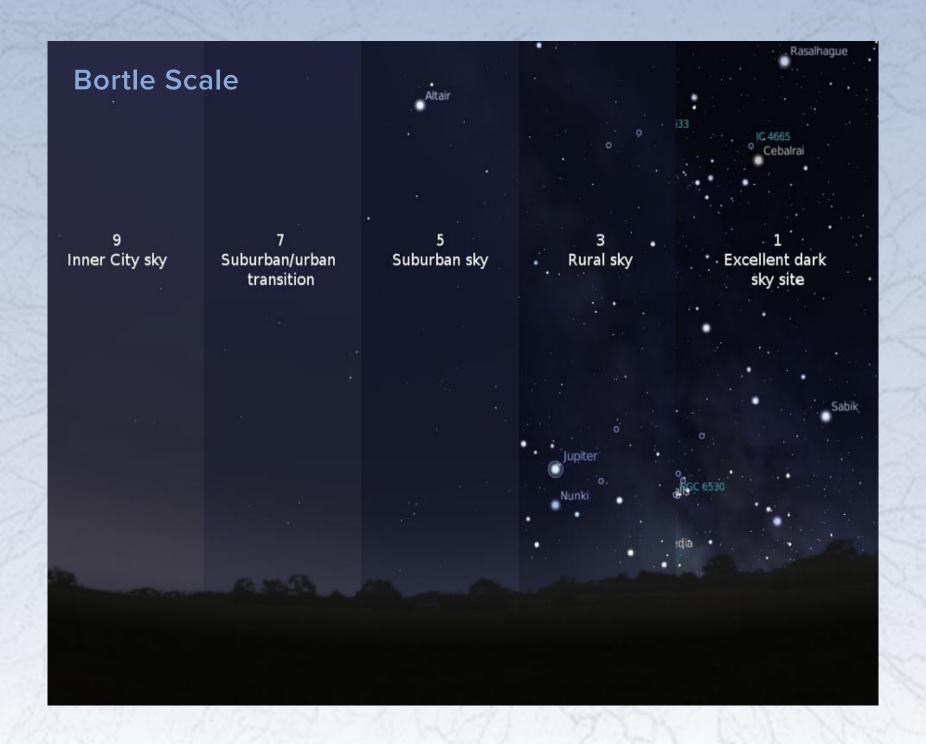


what is Light Pollution?

human-sourced light in the night environment that is excessive, misdirected or obtrusive, having a disruptive effect on natural cycles, and inhibiting the observation of night sky phenomena

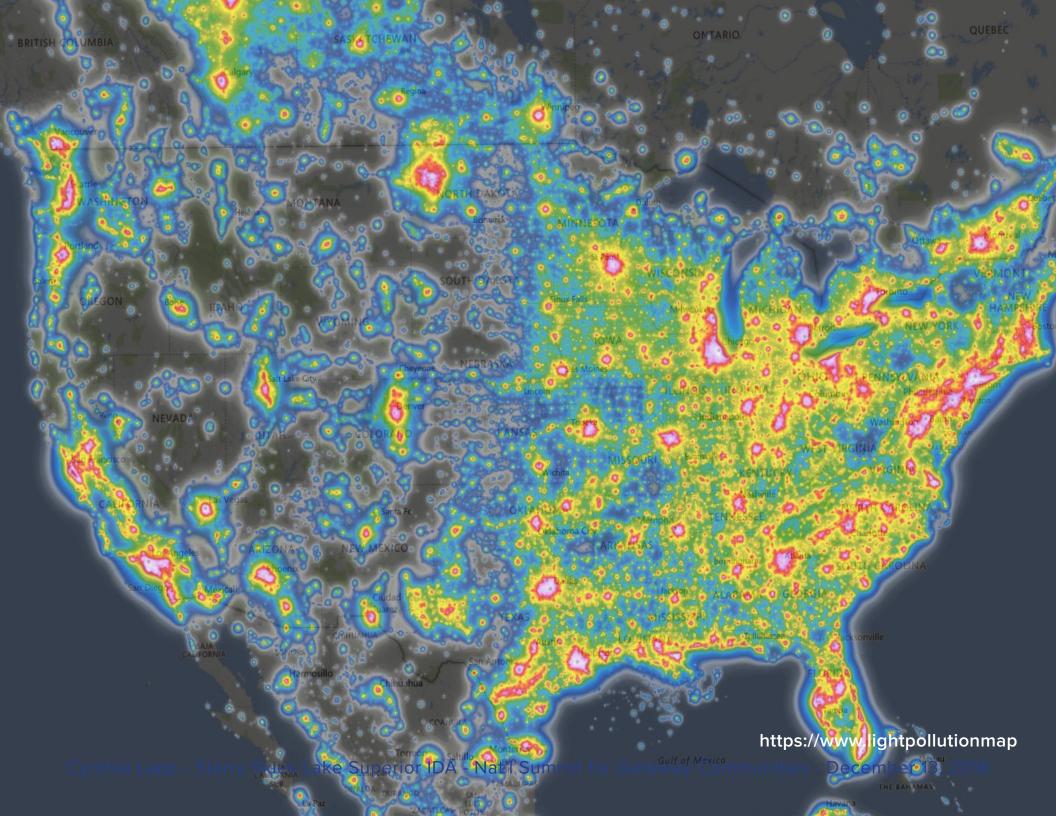


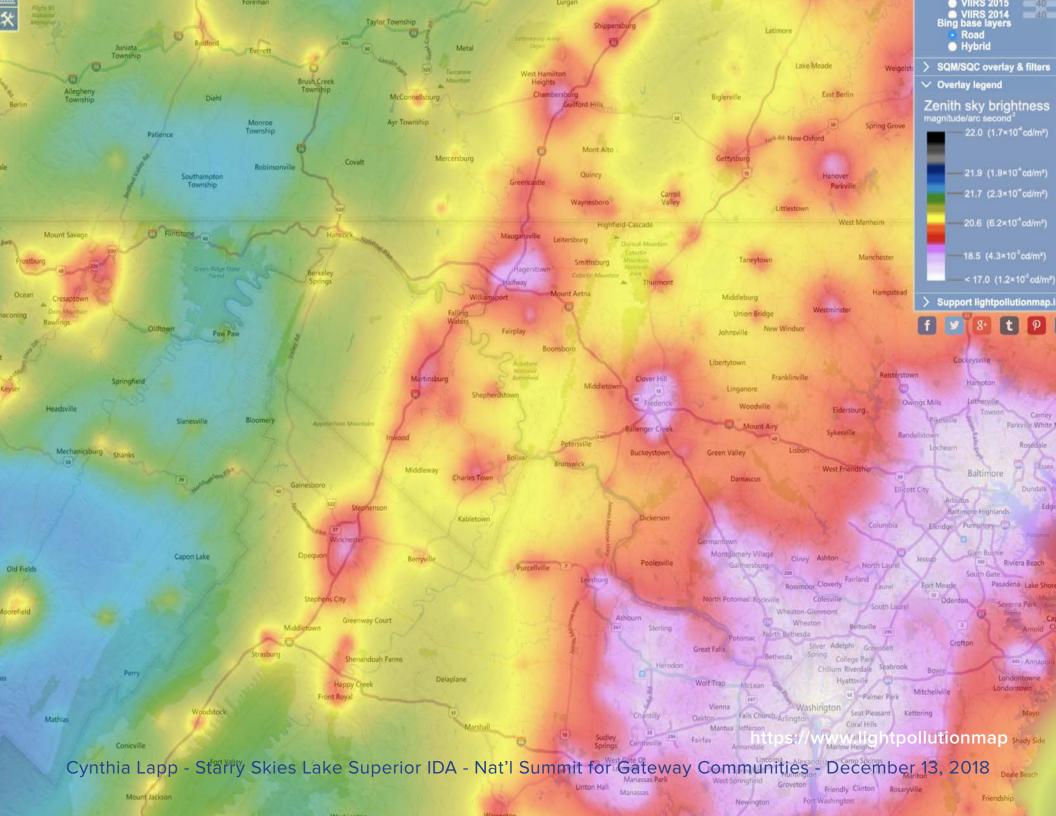
PHOTO Matthew Moses

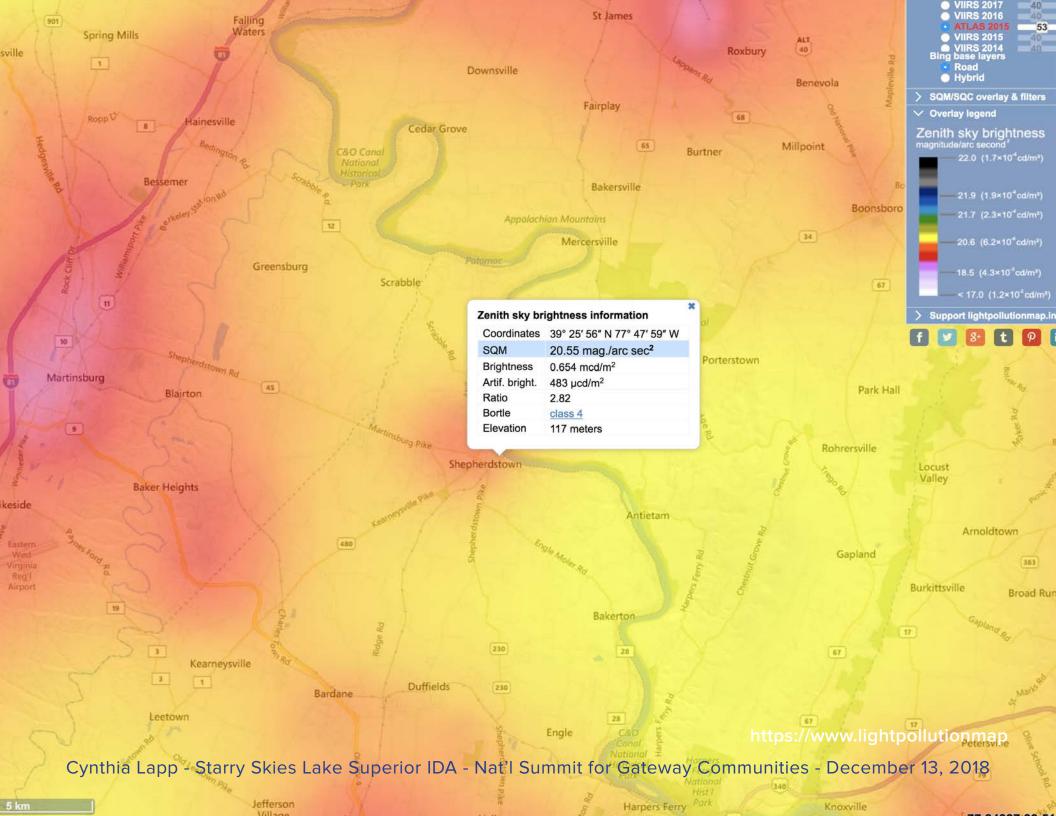


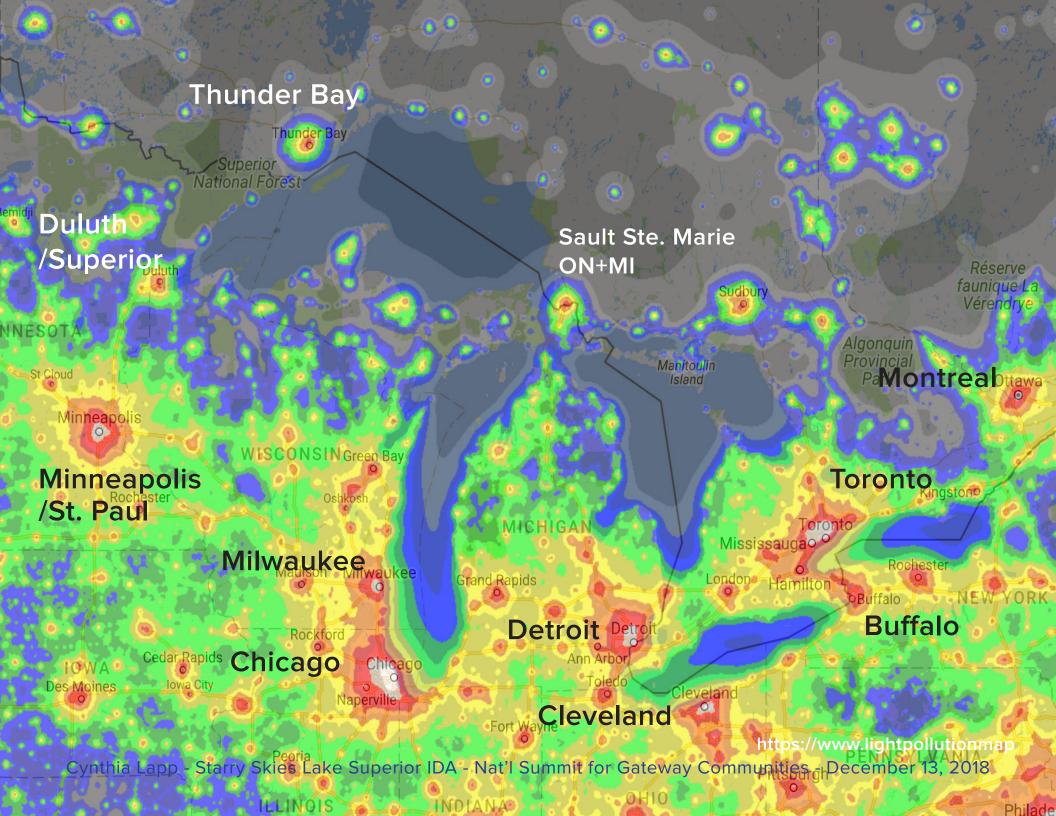
Cynthia Lapp - Starry Skies Lake Superior IDA - Nat'l Summit for Gateway Communities - December 13, 2018





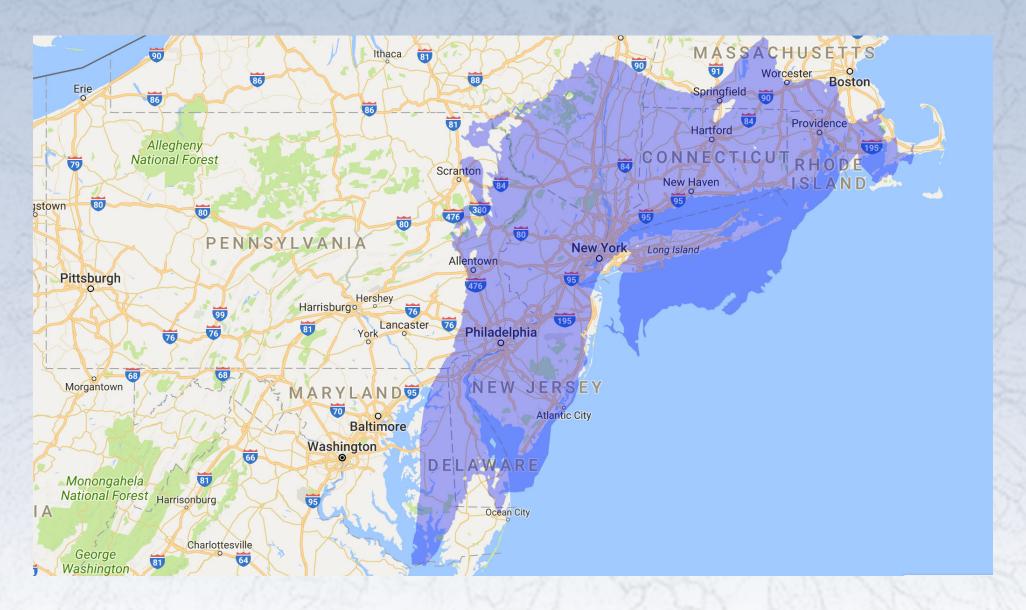






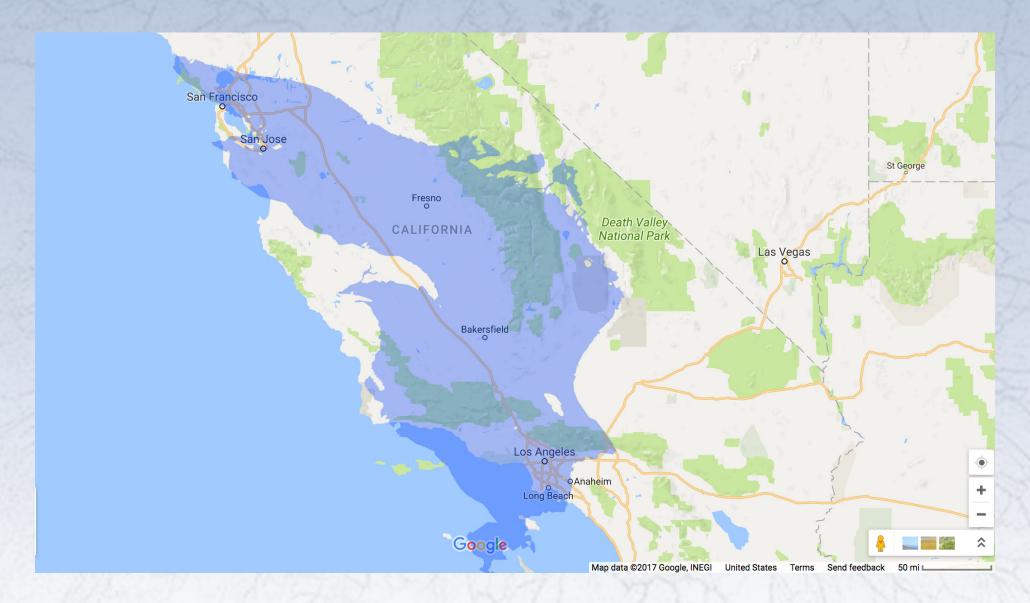
Scale of Lake Superior -

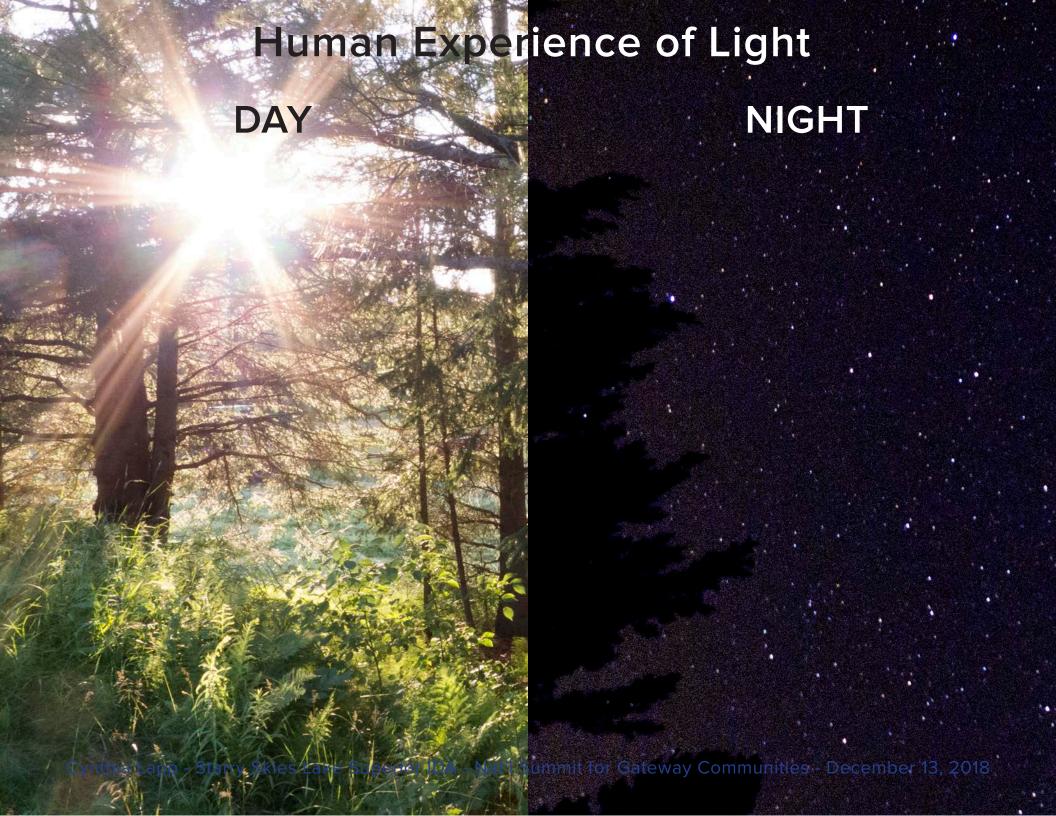
-pop. 630,000 - about 350 mi. long - 10% world's fresh water



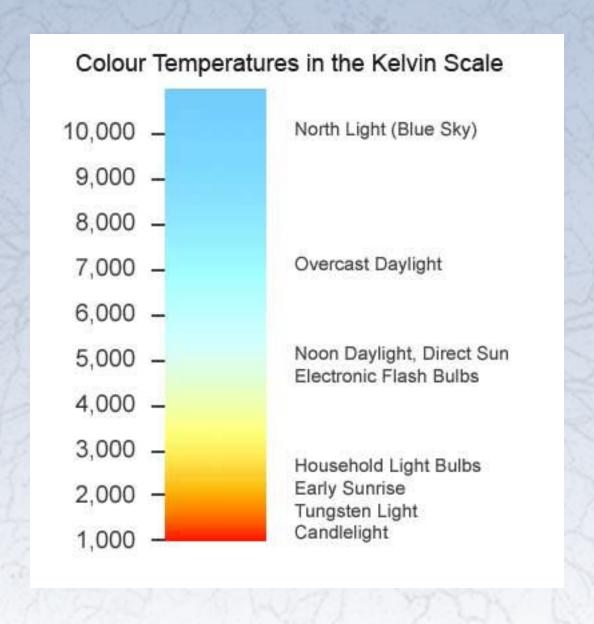
Scale of Lake Superior -

- 30,000 cu. mi. of water - Duluth to Atlantic 2,343 mi.





Human Experience of Light COLOR TEMPERATURE - KELVIN SCALE

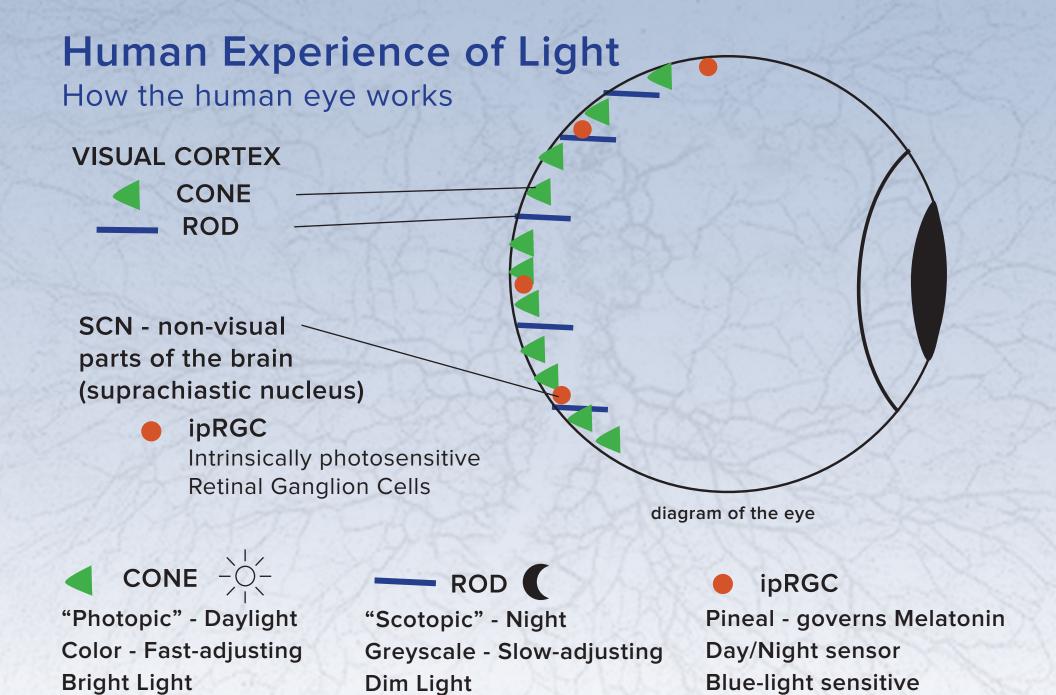


How the human eye works

Color temperature around 2000 Kelvin

Lake Superior Sunset - Chris Swenson, Jan 2017





How the human eye works

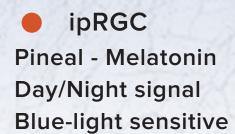


"Photopic" - Day

Color - Fast-adjusting Bright Light



"Scotopic" - Night Greyscale Slow-adjusting Dim Light



- activates under bright light
- processes color
- adapted to continuous, "daytime" lighting
- adapted to very bright light, not much "glare"
- very sensitive to low-light conditions
- processes greyscale contrast, hierarchy of shadows
- · adapted to uneven, intermittent lighting
- adapted to dim light (bright light perceived as "glare")
- · adjusts slowly
- evolved with 12-hour Day / Night cycle
- all light affects it, ESPECIALLY BLUE LIGHT
- signals the body, day / night



How the human eye works

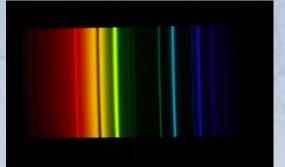


Human circadian rhythm

The human system is organized around day / night cycles of roughly 12 hours each - "circadian rhythm"

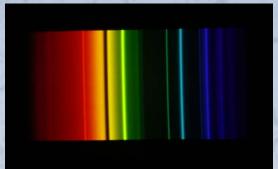
- we produce serotonin during the "blue" light of day we need bright light during the day
- we produce melatonin during the dark, or very dim light, of night we need darkness or very dim light to support melatonin production
- our melatonin production is most easily suppressed by blue light blue light is the most effective wavelength in shutting down our melatonin production

COLOR TEMPERATURE / "blue" light more effectively shuts down melatonin



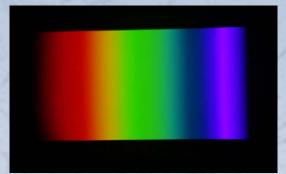


Pendant Lamp - 2015 High Pressure Sodium 4th St. across from Co- Op





High Pressure Sodium - 2015 7th. Ave and 4th St. "cobra head"



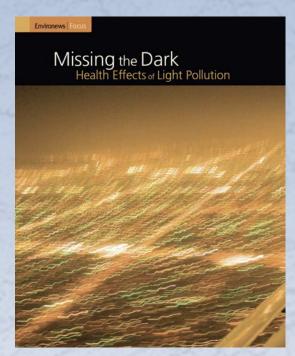


New Intersection LED - 2015 6th Ave. and 4th St. E.

Human circadian rhythm

- DISRUPTING OUR CIRCADIAN RHYTHM STRESSES OUR BODY'S REGULATORY FUNCTIONS
- the ipRGC signals the endocrine system of the presence of blue-rich light - IS IT NIGHT OR DAY?
- the longer our body "delays" night functions, the less time the body has for night-time cellular regeneration and regrowth STUDIES LINK LIGHT-BASED MELATONIN SUPPRESSION TO AN INCREASED RISK FOR OBESITY, DIABETES, CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE, AND OTHER CHRONIC CONDITIONS
- blue-rich light starts before sunrise and extends past sunset
 VISUAL ACCESS TO THESE LIGHT SHIFTS ARE CRUCIAL
- study: phase timing of inducing labor
 (Phasing of labor induction labor duration in daytime vs. nighttime inductions at Brigham and Women's Hospital)
 Shadab Rahman, PhD, MPH, et. al., currently in peer review

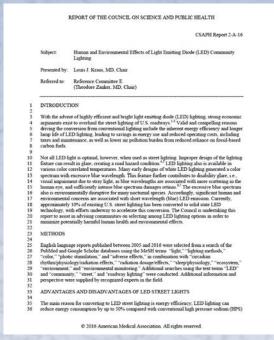
Light Pollution + Public Helath - Everyone Needs the Dark



Missing the Dark: Health **Effects of Light Pollution** Ron Chepesiuk, 2009

Environ Health Perspect. Jan; 117(1): A20-A27. doi: [10.1289 ehp.117-a20]

PMCID: PMC2627884 PMID: 19165374



AMA Report on LED Lighting and Public Health June 2016

CSAPH Report 2-A-16 resulting in Policy H-135.927



Bright Lights, Big Problems Diana Kwon, 2018

Scientist Magazine, October 2018

includes citations of most studies through 2015:

Electric light, particularly at night, disrupts human circadian rhythmicity: is that a problem? Richard G. Stevens, Yong Zhu

Published 16 March 2015. DOI: 10.1098/rstb.2014.0120 PubMed 25780233 Published By The Royal Society Print ISSN 0962-8436 Online ISSN 1471-2970

Light Pollution + Public Helath - Everyone Needs the Dark INSECTS TREES OWLS TURTLES BATS WOLVES

every plant and animal has day/night adapted behavior...

Germany - 75% drop in flying insect populations since 1980

• C.A. Hallman et al, PLOS One, 12:e0185809, 2017

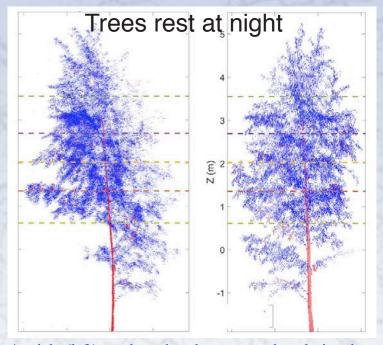


Night pollinators impaired or eradicated by light pollution

· Ragged fringed orchid, native to Minnesota, polinated only at night

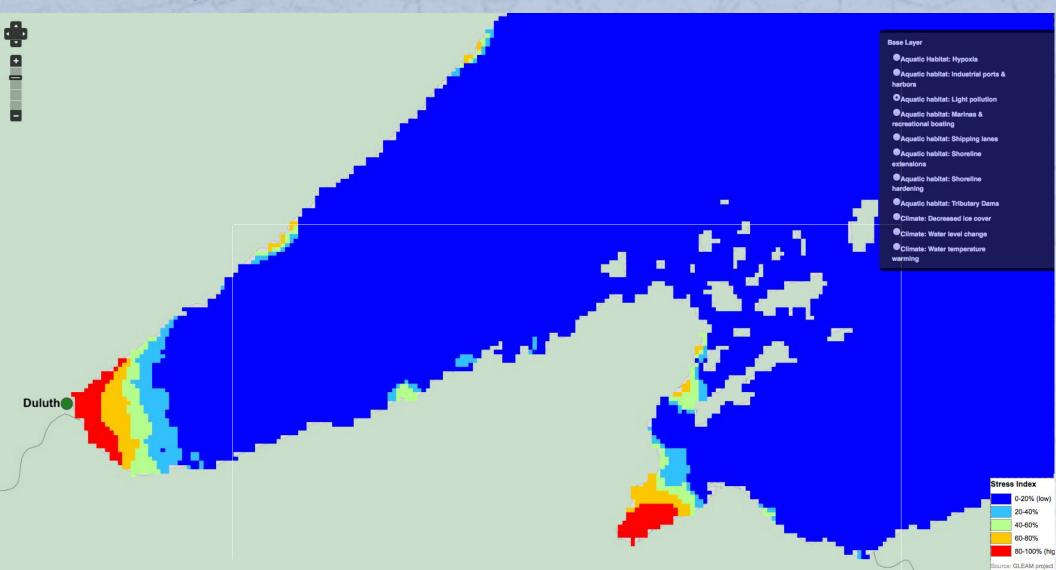


Ducks Unlimited http://www.ducks.org/Conservation/Where-Ducks-Unlimited-Works/ Waterfowl-Migration-Flyways



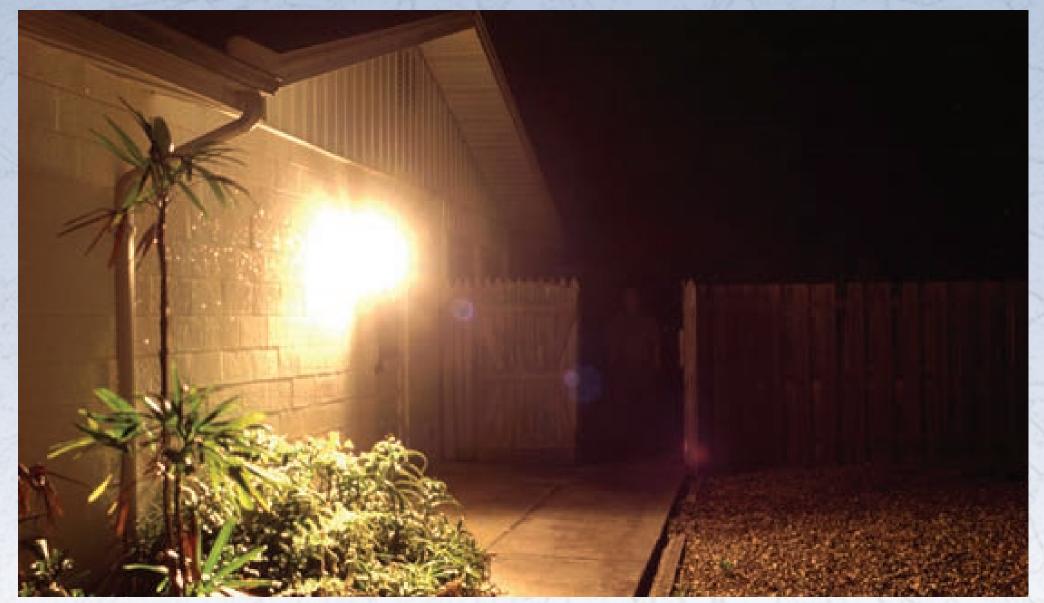
At night (left) tree branches droop more than during the day (right) Image courtesy of Vienna University of Technology, TU Vienna https://www.newscientist.com/article/2088833-trees-seen-resting-branches-while-asleep-for-the-first-time/

Light Pollution + Public Helath - Everyone Needs the Dark Aquatic light pollution - Stress Index



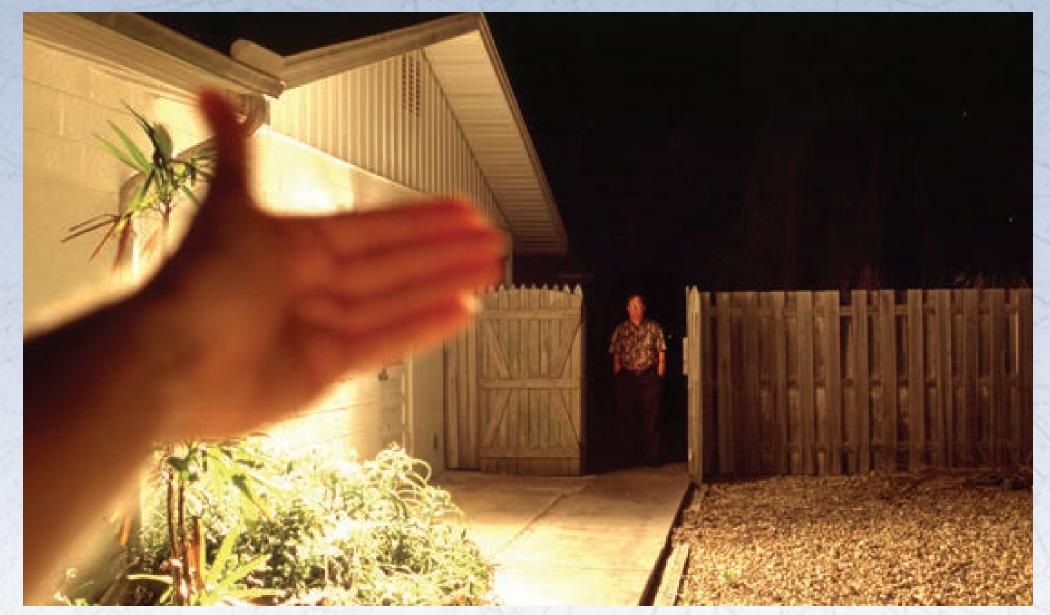
Great Lakes Environmental Assessment Mapping website, Dec. 15 2012 screen capture

Light Pollution + Public Helath - neighborhoods continuous light, glare and extreme contrast can increase crime rates



International Dark Sky Ass'n "Light Pollution and Safety" brochure

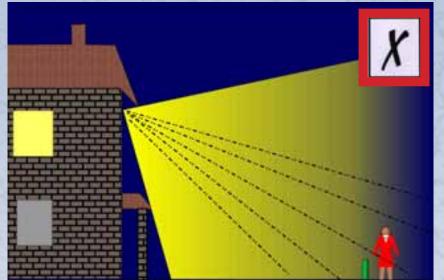
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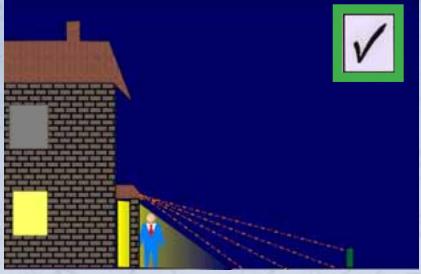


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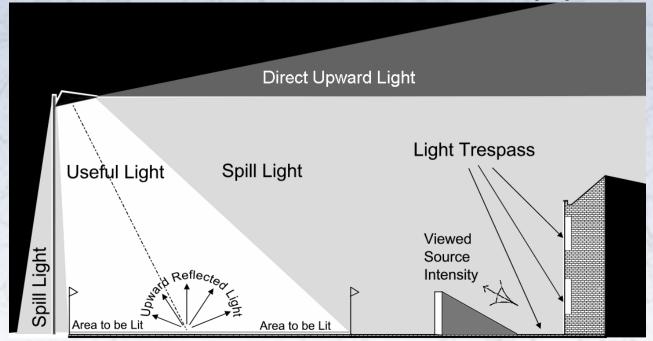
Light Pollution + Public Helath - neighborhoods

minimizing light trespass, shields beyond "horizontal cutoff"





Institute of Lighting Professionals (see "Resources")



Temple Report (see "Resources")

